



General Assembly

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22 January 2003Fifty-seventh session
Agenda item 44**Resolution adopted by the General Assembly***[without reference to a Main Committee (A/57/L.6/Rev.1 and Add.1)]***57/145. Responding to global threats and challenges***The General Assembly,**Guided by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations,**Affirming the coordinating and leading role of the United Nations in establishing a cohesive and effective system for responding to global threats and challenges,**Recalling the relevant provisions of the United Nations Millennium Declaration¹ which state that, in addition to their separate responsibilities to their individual societies, States have a collective responsibility to manage threats to international peace and security and to uphold the principles of human dignity, equality and equity at the global level,**Noting with concern various global threats and challenges, in particular those posed by international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations, transnational organized crime, regional conflicts, poverty, unsustainable development, illicit drug trafficking, money-laundering, infectious diseases, environmental degradation, natural disasters, complex emergency situations and others,**Recognizing the importance, in the context of implementing the Millennium Declaration, of a comprehensive approach aimed at addressing global threats and challenges in accordance with the Charter, international law and relevant international instruments,**Welcoming the ongoing efforts of the Secretary-General to ensure the coordinated implementation of all the provisions of the Millennium Declaration,*

1. *Acknowledges the importance of further adapting the United Nations to address the threats and challenges of the twenty-first century and the need to enhance the overall effectiveness and complementarity of the United Nations system in combating international terrorism and transnational organized crime, in promoting peace, security, disarmament, conflict prevention, peacekeeping, development and poverty eradication, in protecting the environment, in providing*

¹ See resolution 55/2.

humanitarian response and in other fields, as well as the need to increase interaction between the United Nations and other international and regional organizations;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in consultation with the executive heads of the agencies and organizations of the United Nations system, and taking into account the views of Member States and those of international and regional organizations cooperating with the United Nations, to study ways and means to promote further, with the United Nations lead, in the context of implementation of the Millennium Declaration¹ in all its aspects, a more comprehensive and coherent response to the global threats and challenges of the twenty-first century;

3. *Invites* Member States and the relevant regional and other organizations to contribute their views on the issues referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 above to the Secretary-General;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to include his observations on the issues referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 above in his report on the follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit to be submitted to the General Assembly at its fifty-eighth session.

*75th plenary meeting
16 December 2002*





General Assembly

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22 January 2003Fifty-seventh session
Agenda item 21 (b)**Resolution adopted by the General Assembly***[without reference to a Main Committee (A/57/L.43/Rev.1 and Add.1)]***57/146. Special assistance for the economic recovery and reconstruction of the Democratic Republic of the Congo***The General Assembly,**Recalling* its previous resolutions on special assistance for the economic recovery and reconstruction of the Democratic Republic of the Congo,*Recalling also* all resolutions of the Security Council and the statements by its President regarding the Democratic Republic of the Congo,*Recalling further* the Ceasefire Agreement signed in Lusaka¹ and the Kampala disengagement plan,² the obligations of all signatories to those agreements and the obligations deriving from all relevant Security Council resolutions, including resolution 1304 (2000) of 16 June 2000,*Reaffirming* the sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence of the Democratic Republic of the Congo and all States in the region,*Alarmed* at the plight of the civilian population throughout the country, and calling for its protection,*Gravely concerned* at the deteriorating humanitarian, economic and social situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, in particular in eastern Congo, and at the effect of the continued fighting on the inhabitants of the country, especially women and children,*Deeply concerned* at the human immunodeficiency virus/acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (HIV/AIDS) pandemic, in particular among women and girls, in the Democratic Republic of the Congo,*Expressing its deep concern* at the dire consequences of the conflict for the humanitarian and human rights situations and at the findings contained in the reports on the illegal exploitation of the natural resources of the Democratic Republic of the Congo³ in this regard,¹ S/1999/815, annex.² See S/2000/330 and Corr.1, paras. 21–28.³ See S/2001/357, S/2001/1072 and S/2002/1146.

Gravely concerned at the negative impact of war on the promotion of sustainable development in the Great Lakes Region.

Deeply concerned at the continued extensive destruction of life and property, as well as the severe damage to infrastructure and the environment suffered by the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

Bearing in mind the fact that the Democratic Republic of the Congo hosts thousands of refugees from neighbouring countries, which places a great burden on its limited resources, and expressing the hope that conditions will be created that will facilitate a safe and voluntary return of refugees.

Recalling that the Democratic Republic of the Congo is a least developed country with severe economic and social problems arising from its weak economic infrastructure and aggravated by the ongoing conflict.

Bearing in mind the close interrelationship between ensuring peace and security and the ability of the country to meet the humanitarian needs of its people and take effective steps towards the rapid revitalization of the economy, and reaffirming the urgent need to assist the Democratic Republic of the Congo in the rehabilitation and reconstruction of its damaged economy and in its efforts to restore basic services and the infrastructure of the country.

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General;⁴
2. *Welcomes* the signature by the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Republic of Rwanda of the Peace Agreement in Pretoria on 30 July 2002⁵ and the signature by the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the Republic of Uganda of the Luanda Agreement on 6 September 2002, and also welcomes the efforts of the Governments of South Africa and Angola, and of the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in facilitating the adoption of these agreements;
3. *Urges* all parties concerned in the region to cease military activities and to cease any support for armed groups;
4. *Welcomes* the decision taken by all foreign parties fully to withdraw their troops from the territory of the Democratic Republic of the Congo, as well as the progress made in the implementation of those processes, stresses the importance of the withdrawals being completed in a transparent, orderly and verified manner, and calls upon the signatories to these agreements to implement them fully;
5. *Urges* all parties concerned in the region to cease any recruitment, training and use of child soldiers, welcomes the initial steps taken by the Government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo to demobilize and reintegrate child soldiers, and urges the Government and all parties to continue their efforts in this regard;
6. *Welcomes* the commitment of the Congolese parties to achieve an inclusive agreement on the political transition, stresses the importance of such an agreement to the wider peace process, and calls upon all Congolese parties to cooperate actively with a view to the speedy conclusion of such an agreement which is needed for improved humanitarian access;

⁴ A/57/377.

⁵ S/2002/914, annex.

7. *Stresses* that a successful conclusion to the peace process and the resumption of economic activity in the Democratic Republic of the Congo are inextricably linked, and underlines the need for further international economic assistance in this regard;

8. *Expresses its deep concern* at the worsening humanitarian situation throughout the country and the very high number of internally displaced persons in the eastern part and, in particular, in the Ituri region, and urges all parties to avoid further population displacement and to facilitate the safe and voluntary return of refugees and internally displaced persons to their places of origin;

9. *Also expresses its deep concern* especially at the deteriorating humanitarian situation in the Ituri region, calls upon all Congolese parties on the ground to cooperate fully within the Ituri Pacification Commission with a view to reaching an agreement promptly, and calls upon all States in the region to bring their influence to bear on the Congolese parties so that this agreement can be reached as soon as possible;

10. *Welcomes* the adoption of new coordination mechanisms aimed at ensuring a coherent and effective response to the multifaceted humanitarian crisis in the Democratic Republic of the Congo;

11. *Urges* compliance with international human rights law, and urges all parties to respect international humanitarian law, in particular the Geneva Conventions of 1949⁶ and the additional Protocols thereto, of 1977;⁷

12. *Urges* all parties to respect fully international humanitarian law so as to ensure the safe and unhindered access of humanitarian personnel to all affected populations throughout the territory of the Democratic Republic of the Congo and the safety of United Nations and humanitarian personnel;

13. *Calls* for the reopening of the Kisangani-Kindu rail and river link in order to facilitate the delivery of humanitarian assistance, as well as access for humanitarian personnel;

14. *Calls upon* the international community to increase its support for humanitarian relief activities within the Democratic Republic of the Congo;

15. *Invites* Governments to continue to provide support to the Democratic Republic of the Congo;

16. *Requests* the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue to consult urgently with regional leaders, in coordination with the Interim President of the African Union, on ways to bring about a peaceful and durable solution to the conflict, in accordance with the Lusaka Ceasefire Agreement¹ and relevant Security Council resolutions;

(b) To continue to consult with regional leaders, in coordination with the Interim President of the African Union, in order to convene, when appropriate, an international conference on peace, security and development in Central Africa and in the Great Lakes region, under the auspices of the United Nations and the African Union, to address the problems of the region in a comprehensive manner;

⁶ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 75, Nos. 970-973.

⁷ *Ibid.*, vol. 1125, Nos. 17512 and 17513.

(c) To keep under review the economic situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo with a view to promoting participation in and support for a programme of financial and material assistance to the country to enable it to meet its urgent needs in terms of economic recovery and reconstruction;

(d) To submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-eighth session a report on the actions taken pursuant to the present resolution.

*75th plenary meeting
16 December 2002*